

MILAN TOWNSHIP DANGEROUS BUILDINGS ORDINANCE

MONROE COUNTY, MICHIGAN

ORDINANCE NO. 24

An Ordinance enacted pursuant to Act No. 246 of the Public Acts of 1945, as amended, and Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of 1917, as amended, to promote the health, safety and welfare of the people of MILAN Township, MONROE County, Michigan by regulating the maintenance and safety of certain buildings and structures; to define the classes of buildings and structures affected by the ordinance; to establish administrative requirements and prescribe procedures for the maintenance or demolition of certain buildings and structures; to establish remedies, provide for enforcement, and fix penalties for the violation of this ordinance; and to repeal all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict therewith.

THE TOWNSHIP OF MILAN ORDAINS:

SECTION I: TITLE

This Ordinance shall be known and cited as the MILAN Township Dangerous Buildings Ordinance.

SECTION II: DEFINITION OF TERMS

As used in this Ordinance, including in this section, the following words and terms shall have the meanings stated herein:

- A. "Dangerous building" means any building or structure, residential or otherwise, that has one or more of the following defects or is in one or more of the following conditions:
1. A door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit does not conform to the Township Fire Code, NFPA101.
 2. A portion of the building or structure is damaged by fire, wind, flood or other cause so that the structural strength or stability of the building or structure is appreciably less than it was before the catastrophe and/or does not meet the minimum requirements of the Michigan Residential or Building Codes for a new building or structure, purpose or location.
 3. A part of the building or structure is likely to fall, become detached or dislodged, or collapse, and injure persons or damage property.
 4. A portion of the building or structure has settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions of the building or structure have materially less resistance to wind than is required in the case of new construction by the Michigan Residential or Building Codes.
 5. The building or structure, or a part of the building or structure, because of dilapidation, deterioration, decay, faulty construction, or the removal or movement of some portion

of the ground necessary for the support, or for other reason, is likely to partially or completely collapse, or some portion of the foundation or underpinning of the building or structure is likely to fall or give way.

6. The building or structure, or a part of the building or structure, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is used.
7. The building or structure is damaged by fire, wind or flood, or is dilapidated or deteriorated and becomes an attractive nuisance to children who might play in the building or structure to their danger, or becomes a harbor for vagrants, criminals or immoral persons, or enables persons to resort to the building or structure for committing a nuisance or an unlawful or immoral act.
8. A building or structure used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, including the adjoining grounds, because of dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangement, or otherwise, is unsanitary or unfit for human habitation, is in a condition that the health officer of the township or county determines is likely to cause sickness or disease, or is likely to injure the health, safety or general welfare of people living in the dwelling.
9. A building or structure is vacant, dilapidated and open at door or window, leaving the interior of the building exposed to the elements or accessible to entrance by trespassers.
10. Any building or structure, or part of a building or structure, that because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, deterioration, decay, faulty construction, or the removal or movement of some portion of the ground necessary for the support, or for other reason, is likely to partially or completely collapse, or some portion of the foundation or underpinning of the building or structure is likely to fail or give way.
11. Any portion of a building or structure that remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure and/or any basement, cavity below grade or foundation that is not back-filled, graded, or removed according to Milan Township regulations, codes, and ordinances.
12. Any building or structure that has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure as provided by the housing law of the State of Michigan, being Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of 1917, as amended, or the Milan Township Building Code, or the Health Code of the County of Monroe or State of Michigan, or the Milan Township Fire Code, relating to the condition of such building or structure.
13. A building or structure remains unoccupied for a period of 180 consecutive days or longer, and is not listed as being available for sale, lease or rent with a licensed real estate broker or is not publicly offered for sale by the owner. This subsection does not apply to either of the following:
 - a. A building or structure as to which the owner or agent does both of the following:

- 1) Notifies the MONROE County Sheriff's Department and the Township Zoning Administrator that the building or structure will remain unoccupied for a period of 180 consecutive days. The notice shall be given by the owner or agent not more than 30 days after the building or structure becomes unoccupied.
 - 2) Maintain the exterior of the building or structure and adjoining grounds in accordance with the Michigan Residential or Building Codes.
- b. A secondary dwelling of the owner that is regularly unoccupied for a period of 180 days or longer each year, if the owner notifies the MONROE County Sheriff's Department and the MILAN Township Zoning Administrator that the dwelling will remain unoccupied for a period of 180 consecutive days or more each year. An owner who has given the notice prescribed by this subparagraph shall notify the MONROE County Sheriff's Department not more than 30 days after the dwelling no longer qualifies for this exception. As used in this subparagraph, "secondary dwelling" means a dwelling such as a vacation home, hunting cabin or summer home, that is occupied by the owner or a member of the owner's family during part of year.

B. "Enforcing agency" means this Township, through the Township Building Official and/or such other official(s) or agency as may be designated by the Township Board to enforce this ordinance.

SECTION III: PROHIBITION OF DANGEROUS BUILDINGS

All dangerous buildings maintained in violation of this ordinance are hereby determined to be nuisances per se and constitute public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation or demolition in accordance with the procedures specified in this ordinance. It shall be unlawful for any owner or agent thereof to keep or maintain any building or part thereof, which is a dangerous building as defined in this Ordinance.

SECTION IV: NOTICE OF DANGEROUS BUILDING; HEARING

The Enforcing agency shall examine or cause to be examined any building or structure they believe to be abandoned, unsafe or damaged, and if same is found to be a dangerous building, the Enforcing agency may commence proceedings to cause its repair, rehabilitation or demolition.

A. Right of Entry. When it is necessary to make an inspection to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance, or when the Township Building official or the Township Building Official's authorized representative has reasonable cause to believe that there exists any building or premises with a condition which is contrary to, or in violation of this Ordinance and which makes the building or premises unsafe, dangerous, or hazardous, the Township Building Official or the Township Building Official's authorized representative may enter the building or premises at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this Ordinance, provided that if such building or premises is occupied, credentials must be presented to the occupant and entry requested. If such building or premises is unoccupied, the Township Building Official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or

other persons having charge or control of the building or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the Building Official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry, including, but not necessarily limited to the issuance of administrative search warrants.

- B. Notice requirement. Notwithstanding any other provision of this ordinance, if a building or structure is found to be a dangerous building, the enforcing agency shall issue a notice that the building or structure is a dangerous building.
- C. Parties entitled to notice. The notice shall be served on each of the person(s) or entity(s) in whose name the property appears on the last local tax assessment records of the Township.
- D. Contents of notice. The notice shall specify the time and place of a hearing on whether the building or structure is a dangerous building and state that the person to whom the notice is directed shall have the opportunity at the hearing to show cause why the Hearing Officer should not order the building or structure to be demolished, otherwise made safe, or properly maintained.
- E. Service of notice. The notice shall be in writing and shall be served upon the person to whom the notice is directed either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the person(s) or entity(s) identified as the owner or party in interest by the address reflected on the last local tax assessment records of the Township. If a notice is served upon a person by certified mail, a copy of the notice shall also be posted upon a conspicuous part of the building or structure. The notice shall be served upon the person(s) or entity(s) identified as the owner or party in interest by the name appearing on the last local tax assessment records of the Township at least ten days before the date of the hearing included in the notice.

SECTION V: DANGEROUS BUILDING HEARING OFFICER; DUTIES; HEARING; ORDER

- A. Appointment of Hearing Officer. The Hearing Officer shall be appointed by the Township Supervisor to serve at his or her pleasure. The Hearing Officer shall be a person who has expertise in housing matters, including, but not limited to, an engineer, architect, building contractor, building inspector, or member of a community housing organization. An employee of the enforcing agency shall not be appointed as a Hearing Officer.
- B. Filing dangerous building notice with hearing officer. The enforcing agency shall file a copy of the notice of the dangerous condition of any building with the Hearing Officer.
- C. Hearing testimony and decision. At a hearing prescribed by this ordinance, the Hearing Officer shall take testimony of the enforcing agency, the owner of the property, and any interested party who can provide relevant information to the hearing officer regarding the alleged dangerous building. Not more than five days after completion of the hearing, the Hearing Officer shall render a decision either closing the proceedings or ordering the building or structure demolished, otherwise made safe, or properly maintained.

- D. Compliance with Hearing Officer order. If the Hearing Officer determines that the building or structure should be demolished, otherwise made safe, or properly maintained, the Hearing Officer shall so order, fixing a time in the order for the owner, agent or lessee to comply with the order. If the building is a dangerous building under Section II.A.10. of this Ordinance, the order may require the owner or agent to maintain the exterior of the building and adjoining grounds owned by the owner of the building including, but not limited to, the maintenance of lawns, trees and shrubs.
- E. Noncompliance with Hearing Officer order/request to enforce order. If the owner, agent or lessee fails to appear or neglects or refuses to comply with the order issued under Section V.D. of this Ordinance, the Hearing Officer shall file a report of the findings and a copy of the order with the Township Board not more than five days after noncompliance by the owner and request that necessary action be taken to enforce the order. If the Township Board has established a Dangerous Building Board of Appeals pursuant to Section IX of this ordinance, the Hearing Officer shall file the report of the findings and a copy of the order with the Board of Appeals and request that necessary action be taken to enforce the order. A copy of the findings and order of the Hearing Officer shall be served on the owner, agent or lessee in the manner prescribed in Section IV.E. of this Ordinance.

**SECTION VI: ENFORCEMENT HEARING BEFORE THE TOWNSHIP BOARD
OR DANGEROUS BUILDING BOARD OF APPEALS**

The Township Board, or the Dangerous Building Board of Appeals, as applicable, shall fix a date not less than 30 days after the hearing prescribed in Section V.C. of this Ordinance for a hearing on the findings and order of the Hearing Officer and shall give notice to the owner, agent or lessee in the manner prescribed in Section IV.D. of this Ordinance of the time and place of the hearing. At the hearing, the owner, agent or lessee shall be given the opportunity to show cause why the order should not be enforced. The Township Board or the Board of Appeals shall either approve, disapprove or modify the order. If the Township Board or the Board of Appeals approves or modifies the order, the Township Board may take all necessary action to enforce the order. If the order is approved or modified, the owner, agent or lessee shall comply with the order within 60 days after the date of the hearing under this section. In the case of an order of demolition, if the Township Board or the Board of Appeals determines that the building or structure has been substantially destroyed by fire, wind, flood or other natural disaster and the cost of repair of the building or structure will be greater than the state equalized value of the building or structure, the owner, agent or lessee shall comply with the order of demolition within 21 days after the date of the hearing under this section.

SECTION VII: IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF REMEDIES

- A. Implementation of order by Township. In the event of the failure or refusal of the owner or party in interest to comply with the decision of the Township Board, or the Board of Appeals, as applicable, the Township Board may, in its discretion, contract for the demolition, making safe or maintaining the exterior of the building or structure or grounds adjoining the building or structure.
- B. Reimbursement of costs. The costs of the demolition, of making the building safe, or of maintaining the exterior of the building or structure or grounds adjoining the building or

structure, incurred by the Township to bring the property into conformance with this Ordinance shall be reimbursed to the Township by the owner or party in interest in whose name the property appears.

- C. Notice of costs. The owner or party in interest in whose name the property appears upon the last local tax assessment records shall be notified by the township assessor of the amount of the costs of the demolition, of making the building safe, or of maintaining the exterior of the building or structure or grounds adjoining the building or structure, by first class mail at the address shown on the Township records.
- D. Lien for unpaid costs. If the owner or party in interest fails to pay the costs within 30 days after mailing by the assessor of the notice of the amount of the cost, in the case of a single family dwelling or a two family dwelling, the township shall have a lien for the costs incurred by the Township to bring the property into conformance with this Ordinance. The lien shall not take effect until notice of the lien has been filed or recorded as provided by law. A lien provided for in this subsection does not have priority over previously filed or recorded liens and encumbrances. The lien for the costs shall be collected pursuant to the Housing Law of the State of Michigan, being Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of 1917, as amended, and treated in the same manner as provided for property tax liens under the General Property Tax Act, Act No. 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, as amended, being Section 211.1 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- E. Court judgment for unpaid costs. In addition to other remedies under this ordinance, the Township may bring an action to garner a money judgment against the owner of the building or structure for the full cost of the demolition, of making the building safe, or of maintaining the exterior of the building or structure or grounds adjoining the building or structure. The Township may perfect a money judgment and secure a lien on the property for the amount of said judgment obtained pursuant to this subsection. The lien provided for in this subsection shall not take effect until notice of the lien is filed and recorded as provided for by law. The lien does not have priority over prior filed or recorded liens and encumbrances.
- F. Enforcement of judgment. A judgment in an action brought pursuant to Section VII.E. of this Ordinance may be enforced against assets of the owner other than the building or structure.

SECTION VIII: PENALTIES FOR NONCONFORMANCE WITH ORDER

- A. A person who fails or refuses to comply with an order approved or modified by the Township Board or Board of Appeals, as applicable, under Section VI of this Ordinance within the time prescribed by that section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500 or by imprisonment not to exceed 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court. Each day that a violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense. Additionally, the provisions of this Ordinance may also be enforced by suit for injunction, damages or other appropriate legal action.
- B. A person who shall obstruct, impede, or interfere with any officer, employee, contractor, or authorized representative of the Township of Milan who is engaged in the work of

repairing, demolishing, or in any way performing any necessary act preliminary to or incidental to such work authorized pursuant to this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500 or by imprisonment not to exceed 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court. Each day that a violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense. Additionally, the provisions of this Ordinance may also be enforced by suit for injunction, damages or other appropriate legal action.

SECTION IX: DANGEROUS BUILDING BOARD OF APPEALS

- A. Establishment and duties. The Township Board may establish a Dangerous Building Board of Appeals to hear all of the cases and carry out all of the duties of the Township Board described in Section VI of this ordinance. If the Township Board establishes a Board of Appeals, the establishment and operation of the Board of Appeals shall be controlled by the following provisions of this section.
- B. Membership. The Board of Appeals shall be appointed by the Township Board and shall consist of the following members:
 - 1. A building contractor;
 - 2. A registered architect or engineer;
 - 3. Two members of the general public;
 - 4. An individual registered as a building official, plan reviewer or inspector under the Building Officials and Inspectors Registration Act, Act No. 54 of the Public Acts of 1986, being Section 338.2301 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The individual may be an employee of the enforcing agency.
- C. Terms. Board of Appeals members shall be appointed for three years, except that of the members first appointed, two members shall serve for one year, two members shall serve for two years, and one member shall serve for three years. A vacancy created other than by expiration of a term shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. A member may be reappointed for additional terms.
- D. Officers. The Board of Appeals annually shall select a chairperson, vice chairperson and other officers that the Board of Appeals considers necessary.
- E. Quorum and final action votes. A majority of the Board of Appeals members appointed and serving constitutes a quorum. Final action of the Board of Appeals shall be only by affirmative vote of a majority of the board members appointed and serving.
- F. Compensation and expenses. The Township Board shall fix the amount of any per diem compensation provided to the members of the Board of Appeals. Expenses of the Board of Appeals incurred in the performance of official duties may be reimbursed as provided by law for employees of the Township Board.
- G. Open meetings act applicable. A meeting of the Board of Appeals shall be held pursuant to the Open Meetings Act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being Section 15.261 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Public notice of the time, date and place of the meeting shall be given in the manner required by the Open Meetings Act.

H. Freedom of information act applicable. A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by the Board of Appeals in the performance of an official function shall be made available to the public pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being Section 15.23 1 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

SECTION X: APPEAL OF TOWNSHIP BOARD/BOARD OF APPEALS DECISION

An owner aggrieved by any final decision or order of the Township Board, or the Board of Appeals, as applicable, under Section VI of this Ordinance may appeal the decision or order to the circuit court by filing a petition for an order of superintending control within 20 days from the date of the decision.

SECTION XI: SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this ordinance are hereby declared to be severable and if any clause, sentence, word, section or provision is hereafter declared void or unenforceable for any reason by any court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not affect the remainder of such ordinance which shall continue in full force and effect.

SECTION XII: REPEAL

All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed; provided that this Ordinance shall not be construed to abrogate expressly or by implication any provision of the Michigan Construction Code. Any proceedings pending, including prosecutions for violations or actions to enforce orders for the demolition, making safe, or maintaining the exterior of a building or adjoining grounds, under any previous ordinance being repealed hereby shall not be affected by this Ordinance and may be continued pursuant to said previous ordinance.

SECTION XIII: EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall take effect 30 days after publication as required by law. Margaret Rock, Clerk MILAN Township, 16444 Cone Road, Milan, MI 48160, (734) 439-1434

This Ordinance was adopted at a regular meeting of the Milan Township Board held on September 10, 2015, all members of the Board being present and voting in favor thereof.

Margaret Rock
Milan Township, Clerk

Attested: Phil Heath
Supervisor